Lecture Notes in Computer Science

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PASCAL
User Manual and Report



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```
{ program 11.4
  conversion to postfix form }
program postfix(input.output);
var ch : char;
orocedure find;
begin repeat read(ch)
until (ch<>'') and not eoln(input)
procedure expression;
   var op : char;
   procedure term;
   find
   end: {factor}
   begin factor;
          while ch='*' dn
begin find; factor; write('*')
          end
   end: {term}
begin term;
while (ch='+')or(ch='-') do
    begin op := ch; find; term; write(op)
      end
end: {expression}
begin find;
   repeat write('');
     expression;
   writeln
until ch='.'
end ⋅
 ab+cd-*
 abc*+d-
 ab+c*d-
 abcd-*+
 aa*a*a*
 bcdca *a *+*b *+a +
```

The <u>binary tree</u> is a data structure that is naturally defined in recursive terms and processed by recursive algorithms. It consists of a finite set of nodes that is either empty or consists of a node (the root) with two disjoint binary trees.